



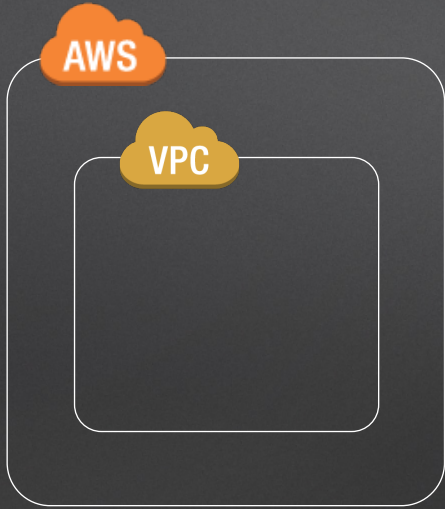
Professional
Services

VPC Deep Dive and Connectivity Options

Dr. Thomas Fuhrmann

Marcus Fritsche

18.05.2017



VPC topology & Networking

Picking an AWS region

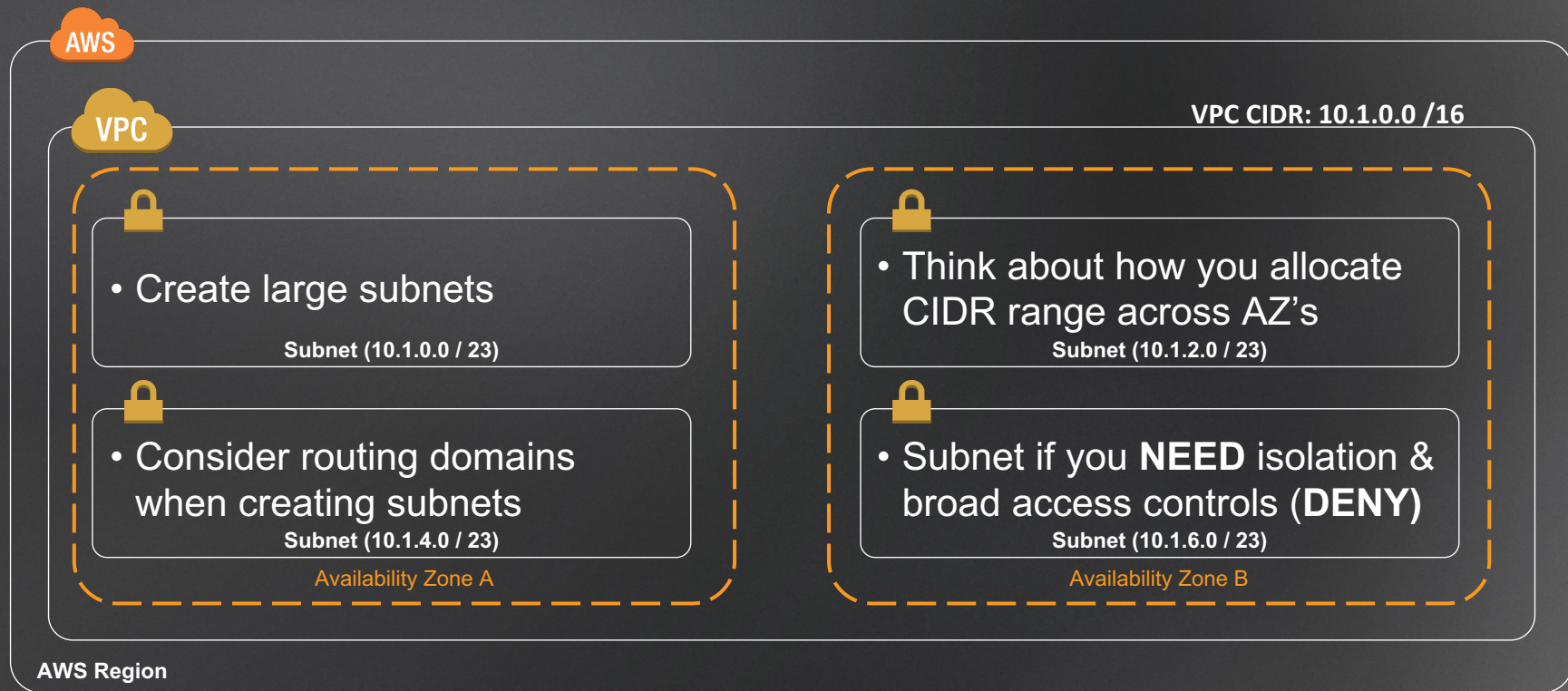


AWS Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) Overview

- Your **logically isolated section** of the Amazon Web Services Cloud
- Networking concepts:
 - IP address range
 - Subnets
 - Route Tables
 - Access Control (NACL, SG)
 - Network Gateways



Create Your Subnets



Create Your Subnets

AZ:

- multiple AZ's within VPC
- 2 or leverage more for increased availability workloads
- Cost implication is minimal compared to availability benefits
- AZ mapping may differ between accounts

Subnet

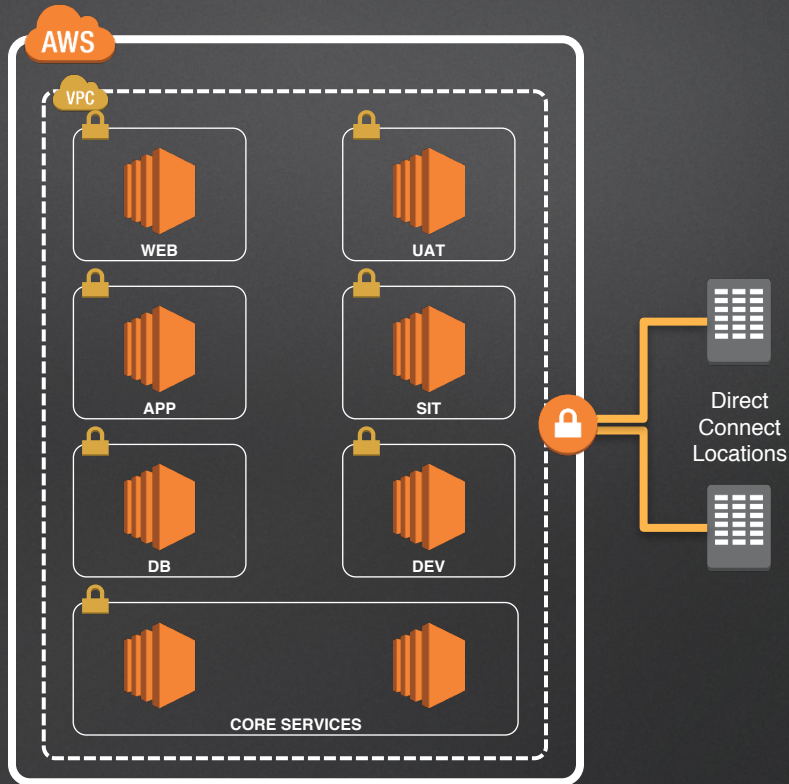
- Create large subnets
- Consider routing domains when creating subnets
- Think about how you allocate CIDR range across AZ's
- Subnet if you **NEED** isolation & broad access controls (**DENY**)

AWS Region

VPC Patterns

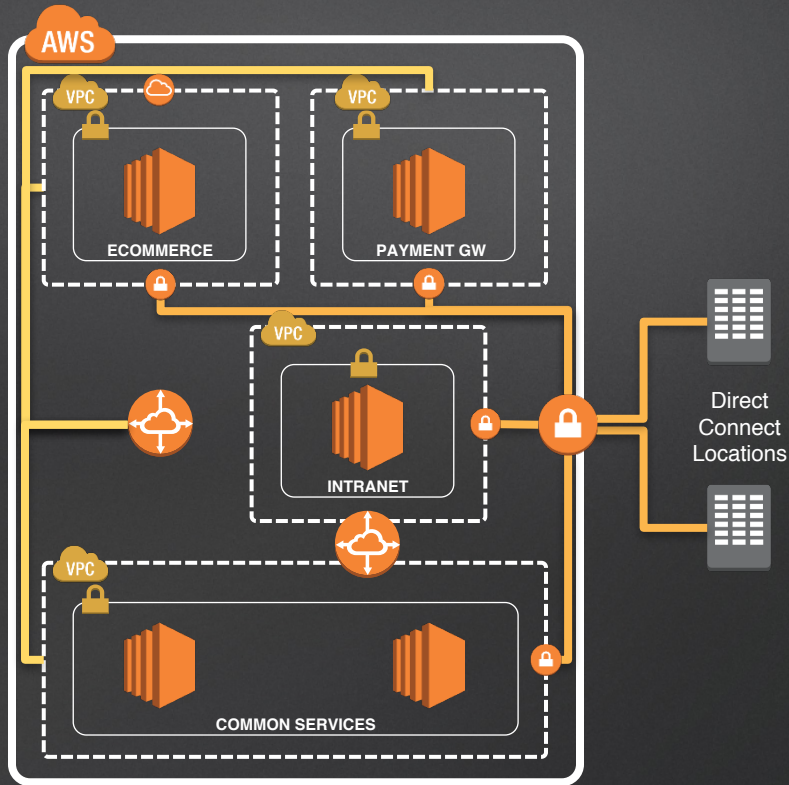


VPC Patterns - Single Large VPC



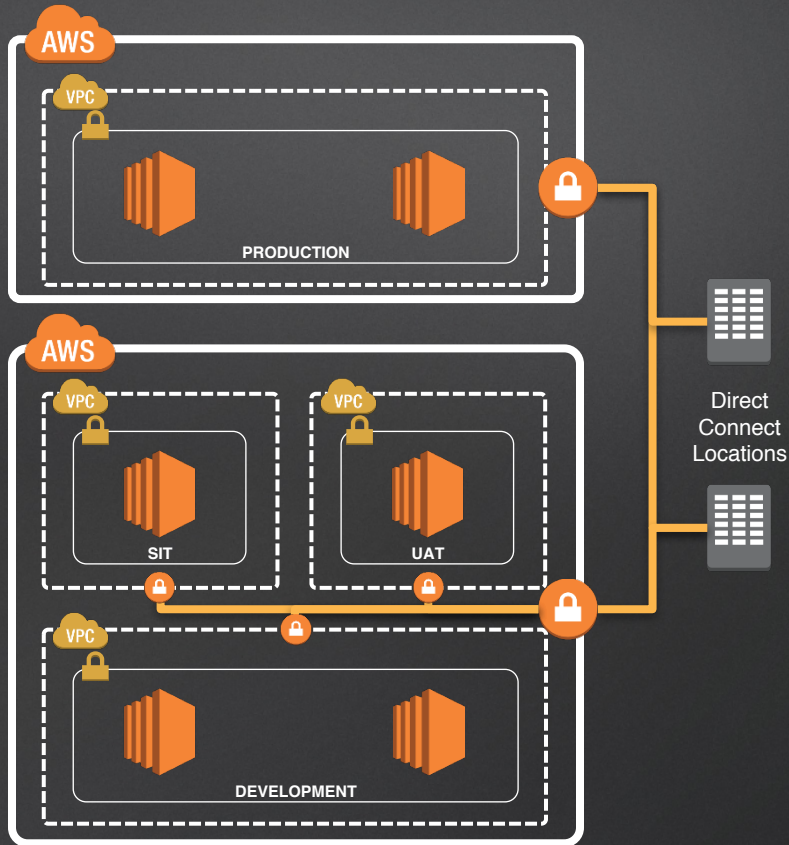
- Analogous to a traditional data center
- Subnet equivalent to VLAN's
- Simple Connectivity
- Traditional operating approach

VPC Patterns - Multiple VPCs by Workload



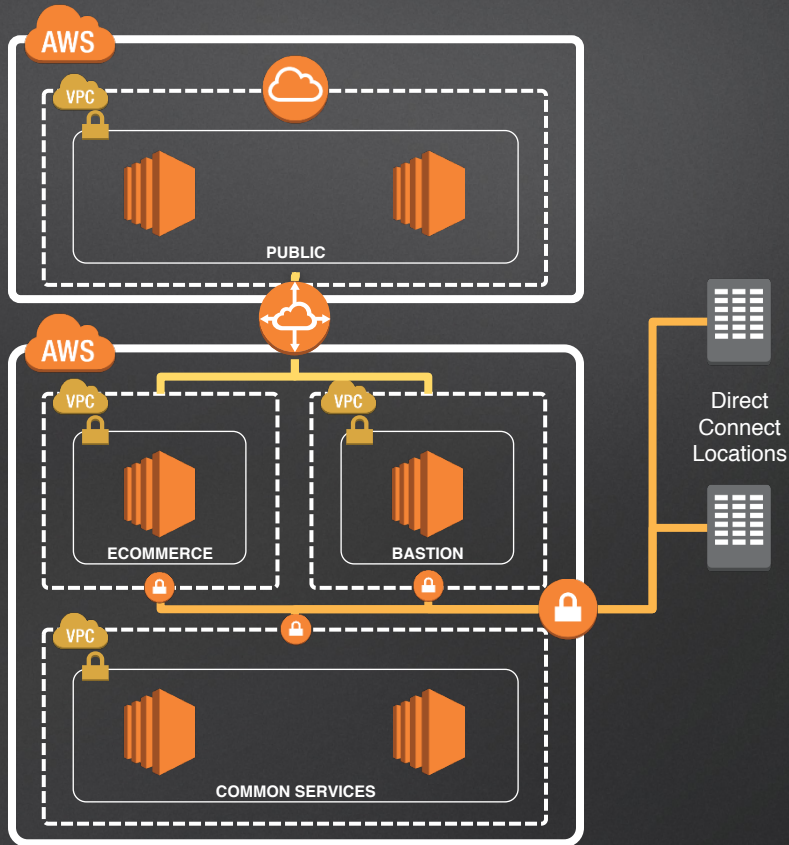
- Segregated based on workload
- Delegation of VPC operation
- App-based Security policies
- Supports automation within LOB
- Internal and publically accessible VPCs
- max 125 Peering links per VPC

VPC Patterns - Multiple VPCs and Accounts



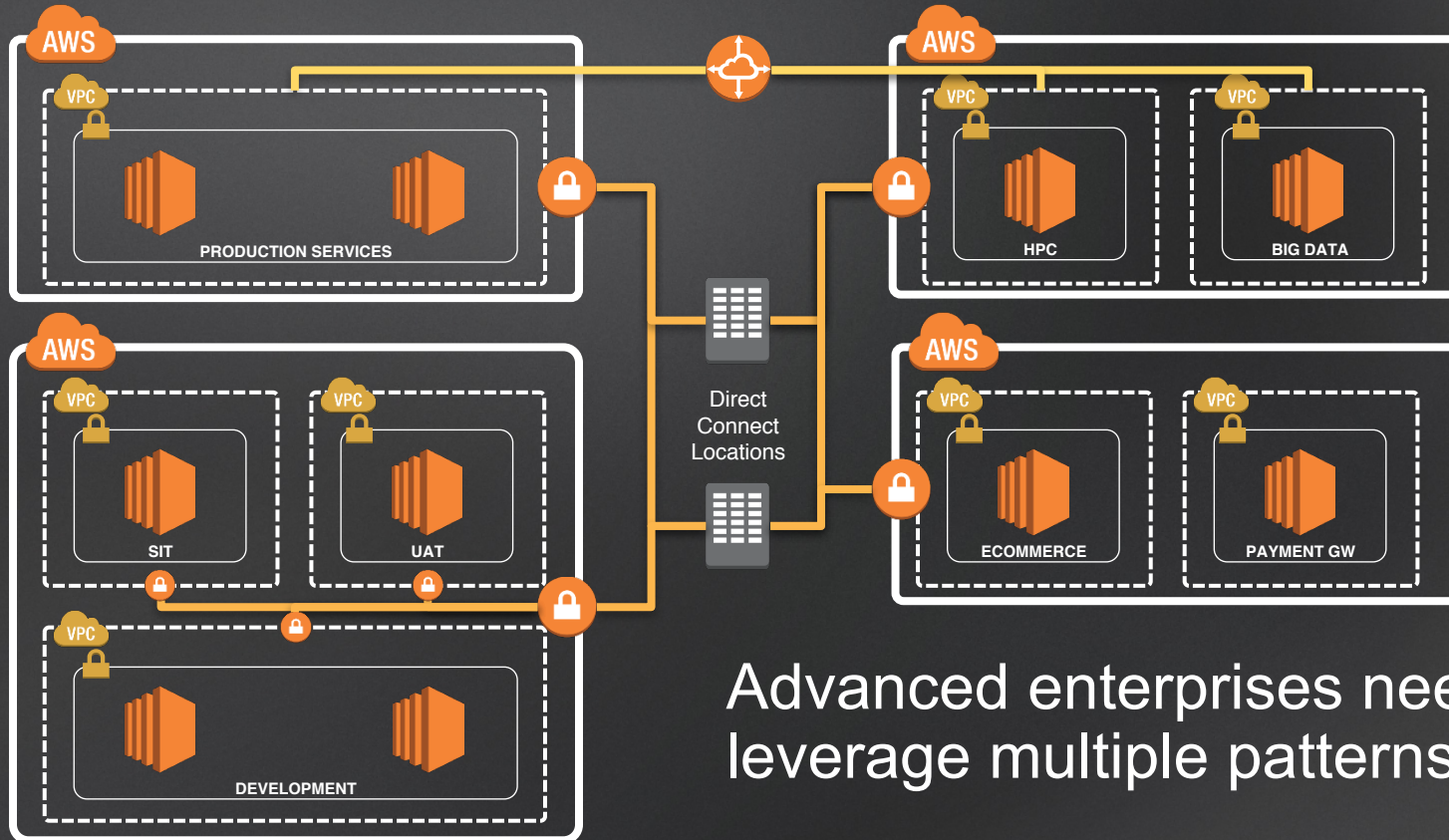
- Security assessment policies can be based on environment
- Delegated access rights and VPC configuration
- Supports strong segregation of duties by environment

VPC Patterns - Linked VPCs and Accounts



- Analogous to classic DMZ
- Separation of public facing vs private with isolated account level controls
- VPC peering for inter-connectivity, cross VPC DNS resolution
- Use bastion concept to access DMZ zone

Advanced Enterprise Pattern

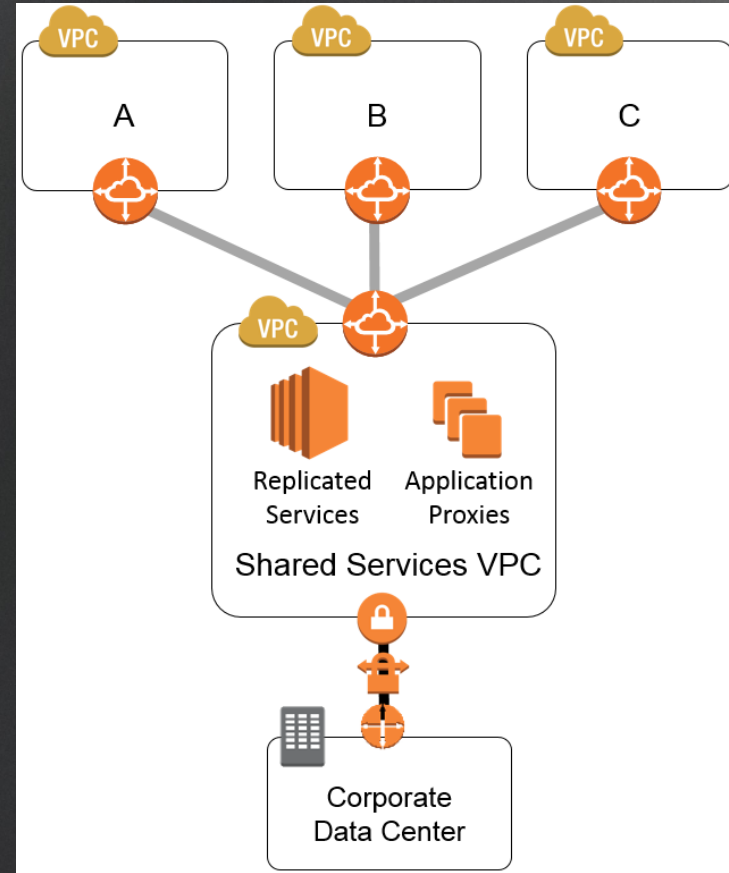


Advanced enterprises need to leverage multiple patterns

Shared Service VPC

Recommended when ...

- Common resources
- Required, when the majority of your infrastructure on AWS for e.g. Active Directory, System Center, Anti-Virus
- .. minimal latency, like NTP, DNS
- Strong security or compliance programs require additional application-level controls



Connectivity



CGW:

Customer Gateway



VGW

VPN-Gateway



IGW

Internet Gateway



S3GW

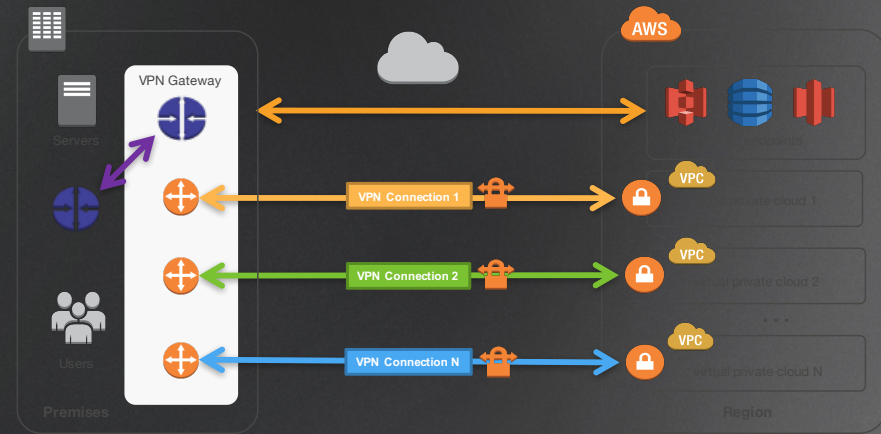
Gateway to AWS S3

Connectivity

- VPN
 - From your Site to your VPC
 - From one VPC to another VPC – local or between regions
 - Using Virtual Private Gateway or VPN-instances
- Direct Connect
- VPC Peering

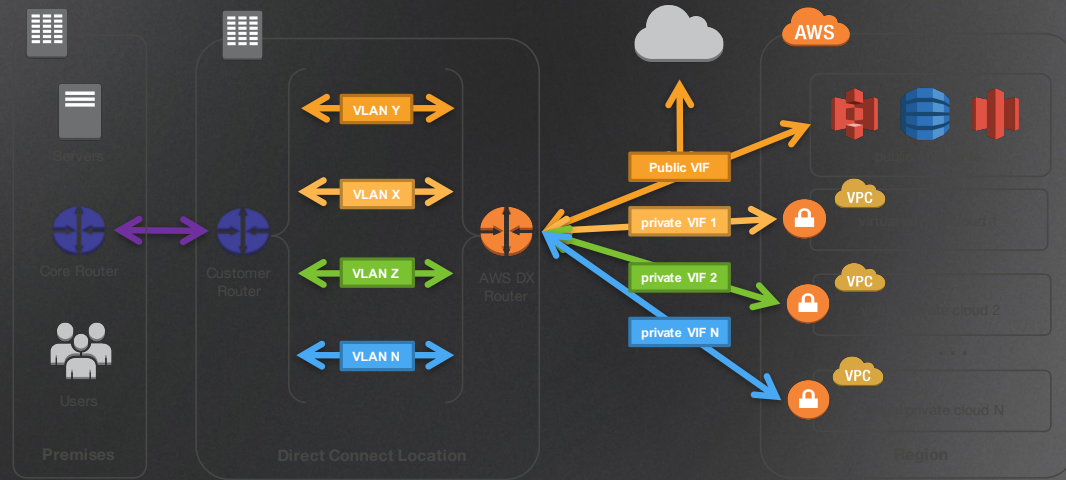
Connectivity – VPN

- Get started VPC VPN;
VPN on EC2 adds complexity
- Build multiple tunnels to AWS
- Add on-premises redundancy
- Bandwidth limits - 2Gbps
- Dynamic vs Static routing will simplify DX integration



Connectivity – Direct Connect

- Consider your needs for Direct Connectivity:
 - Availability & bandwidth needed
 - Bandwidth management
 - Private or Public
 - share between Accounts / VPCs
- How to connect your corp. network
- Last mile has a big impact on your overall design



Connectivity – VPC Peering

- **Establish** a VPC peering connection: Owner of the requester VPC sends a request to the owner of the acceptor VPC to create the VPC peering connection. The VPC's CIDR block can not overlap.
- Default are **50 active VPC peering connections** per VPC (Max. = 125)
The number of entries per route table should be increased accordingly; however, network performance may be impacted.
- Multiple VPC peering connections for each VPC are supported; **transitive peering** relationships and multiple peering between the same VPC's are not.
- Peering connections need to be in the same region
- Placement group can span peered VPCs

See <http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonVPC/latest/PeeringGuide/vpc-peering-basics.html>

Thank You

... please contact us for advisory?

... and use e.g. our

=> Well-Architected review / workshop

=> AWS Platform Jumpstart

=> AWS Cloud Operations Assessment